Qualitative understanding of many-electron atoms

1. centr. field $\Upsilon(r)$ "close" to + Ze nucleus

$$V(r) = -\frac{\mathrm{Ze}^2}{r}$$

the ratio R(r)

$$R(r) = \frac{\Upsilon(r)}{V(r)} = \frac{\Upsilon(r)}{-\frac{\mathrm{Ze}^2}{r}}$$

is such that close to nucleus, $R(r \to 0) \to 1 - \frac{5}{16 Z} \approx 1$ while for large r $R(r \to \infty) \to \frac{1}{Z}$

$$(1s)^2 (2s)^2 (2p)^6 \to Ne$$

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$$(1s)^2\,(2s)^2\,(2p)^6\,(3s)^2\,(3p)^6(3d)^{10} \to {
m Ni}$$
 But this does not work