

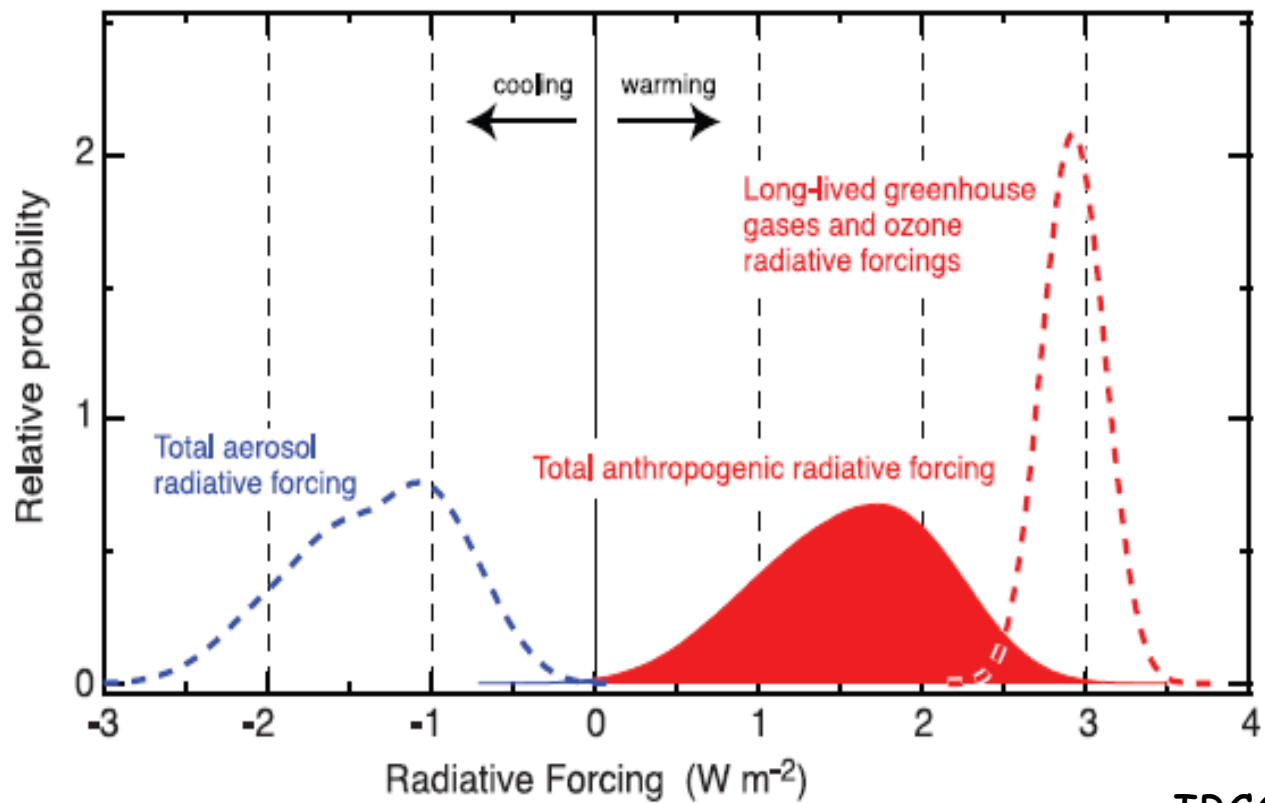


Aerosols and aerosol forcing in the CMIP5 versions of NorESM

Alf Kirkevåg, Trond Iversen, Øyvind Seland,
Corinna Hoose, Jon Egill Kristjánsson, Hamish Struthers, Annica Ekman,
Steve Ghan, Jan Griesfeller, Douglas Nilsson, and Michael Schulz



EarthClim all-staff meeting,
Olavsgaard, 30 August 2012



IPCC (2007)



Most of the results are from Kirkevåg et al. (2012):

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www.geosci-model-dev-discuss.net/5/1/2012/
doi:10.5194/gmdd-5-1-2012
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**Geoscientific
Model Development
Discussions**

This discussion paper is/has been under review for the journal Geoscientific Model Development (GMD). Please refer to the corresponding final paper in GMD if available.

Aerosol-climate interactions in the Norwegian Earth System Model – NorESM

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H. Struthers^{4,5}, A. M. L. Ekman⁵, S. Ghan⁶, J. Griesfeller¹, E. D. Nilsson⁴, and
M. Schulz¹**



New features in CAM4-Oslo (NorESM) compared to CAM-Oslo:

{ Seland et al. (2008)
Hoose et al. (2009)
Struthers et al. (2009) }

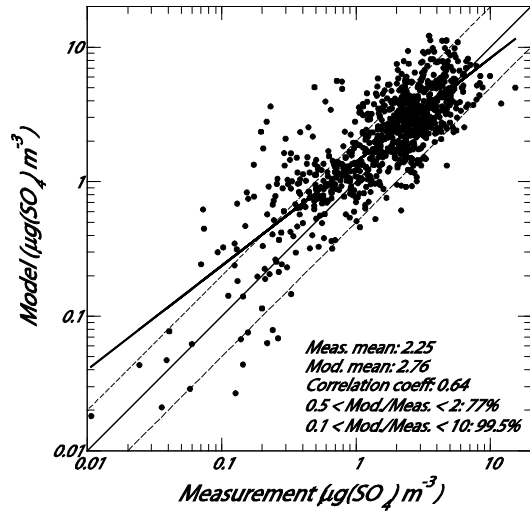
- **New and enhanced natural aerosol components** (vs. Seland et al., 2008):
 - Oceanic primary biogenic OM: emissions distributed as sea-salt and scaled to 8 Tg/yr globally
 - MSA produced from the oceanic DMS included, treated as POM
 - Natural SOA produced from land vegetation and treated as POM is almost doubled
- **New processing of natural aerosols:**
 - Sea-salt emissions depend now on wind and temperature, *updated* Struthers et al. (2011)
 - In-cloud scavenging coefficient for dust is reduced from 1 to 0.25 [increased from 0.1 in Hoose et al., 2009]
- **New treatment affecting both natural and anthropogenic aerosols** (vs. Seland et al., 2008):
 - OM/OC ratio for emissions of biomass burning POM: increased from 1.4 to 2.6
 - Updated tropospheric oxidant fields from Oslo-CTM2
 - Rate of replenishment of H₂O₂ in cloud droplets changed from a fixed value of 1 h to 1-12 h, $\sim (1.1 - \text{cldmax})^2$
 - Gravitational particle settling speed is now calculated at all heights

 - Pre-industrial emissions were AeroCom 1750, now: IPCC AR5 1850 for aerosols and precursors
 - Present-day emissions were AeroCom 2000, now: AeroCom 2006
- + **New cloud droplet spectral dispersion formulation** (vs. Hoose et al., 2009)

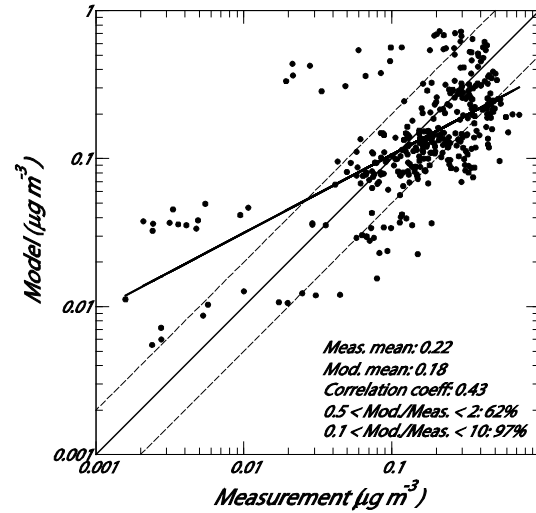
Monthly near-surface aerosol mass concentrations



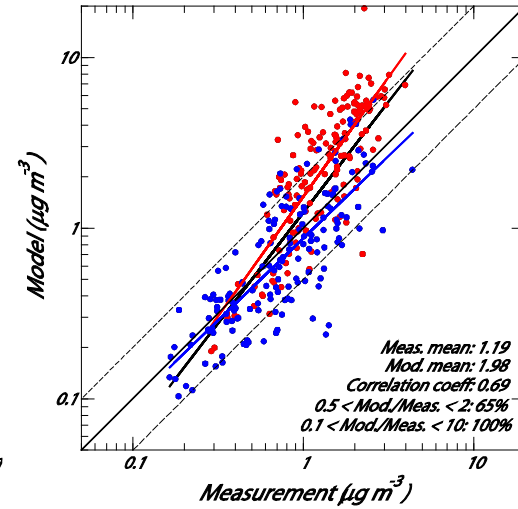
Modelled vs. measured SO_4



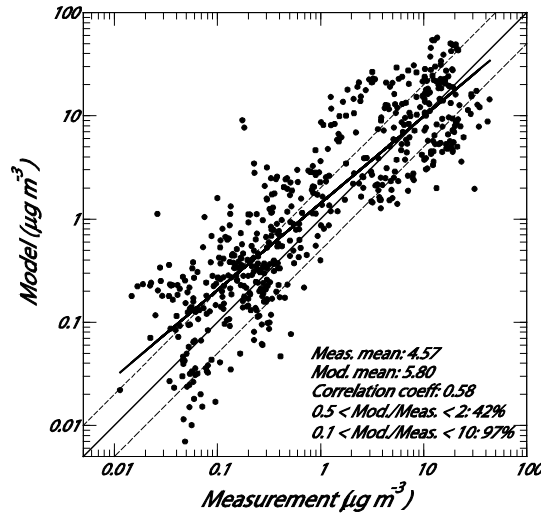
Modelled vs. measured BC



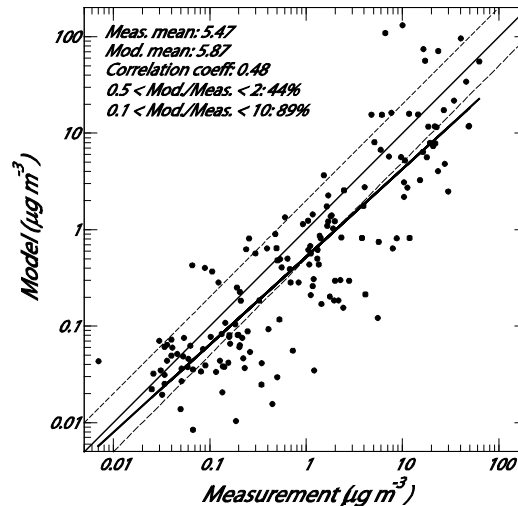
Modelled OM/1.4 vs. measured OC
North America



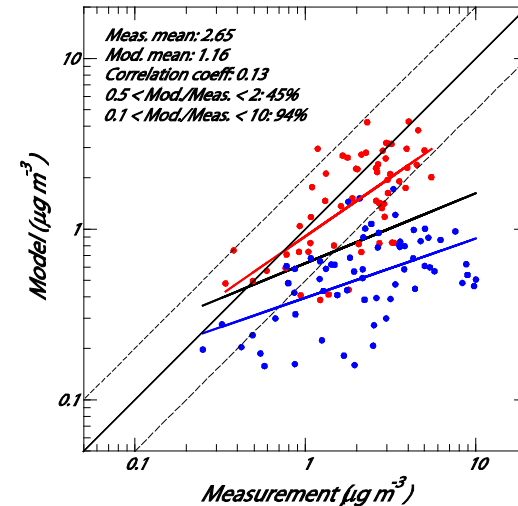
Modelled vs. measured sea-salt



Modelled vs. measured mineral dust



Modelled OM/1.4 vs. measured OC
Europe

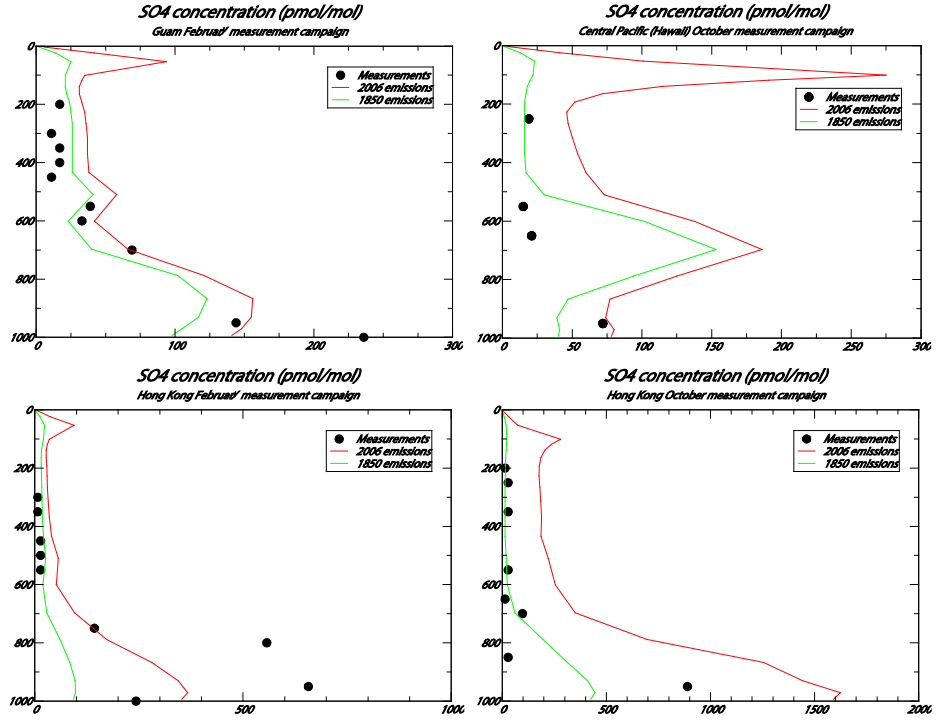
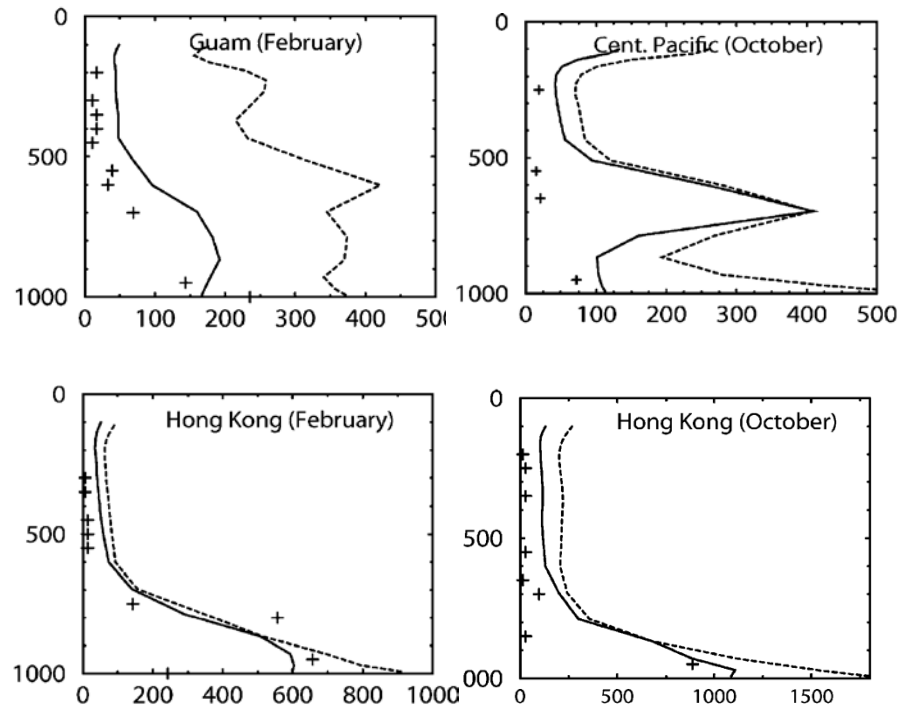


Vertical profiles of SO₄ mixing ratio



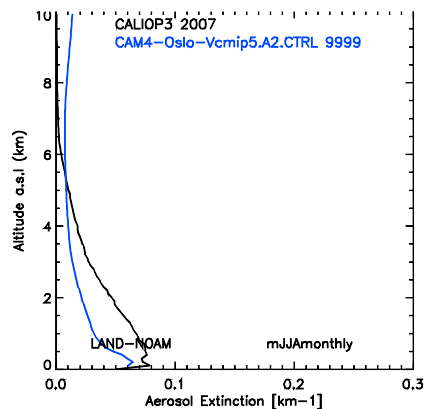
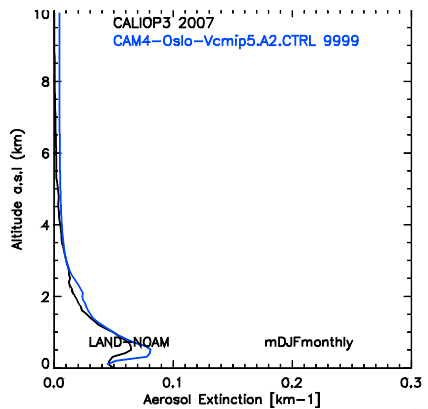
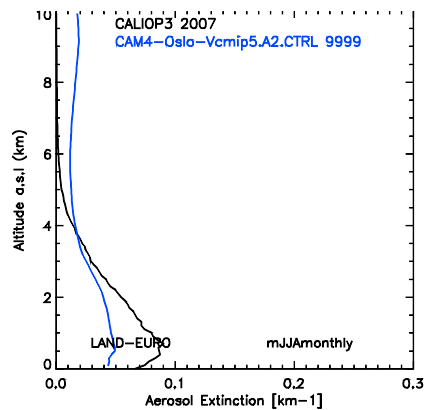
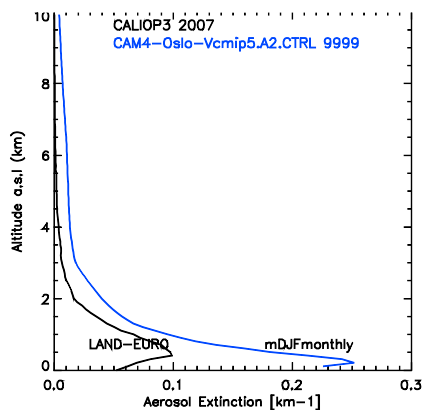
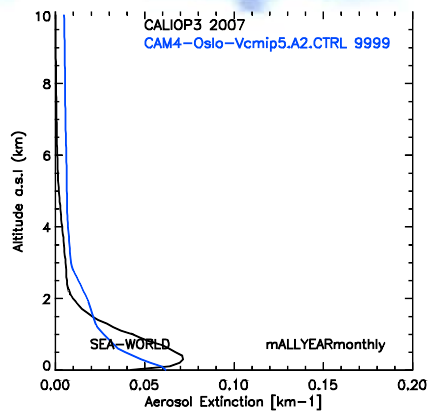
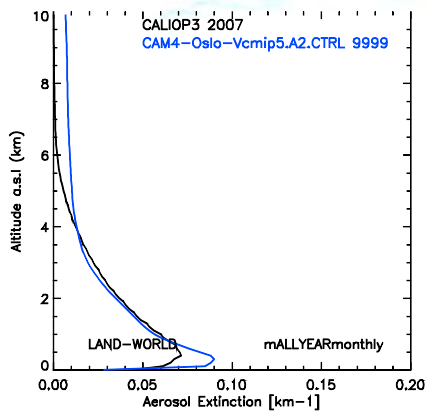
CAM-Oslo (Seland et al., 2008)

CAM4-Oslo



— PD simulation
 - - - test simulation

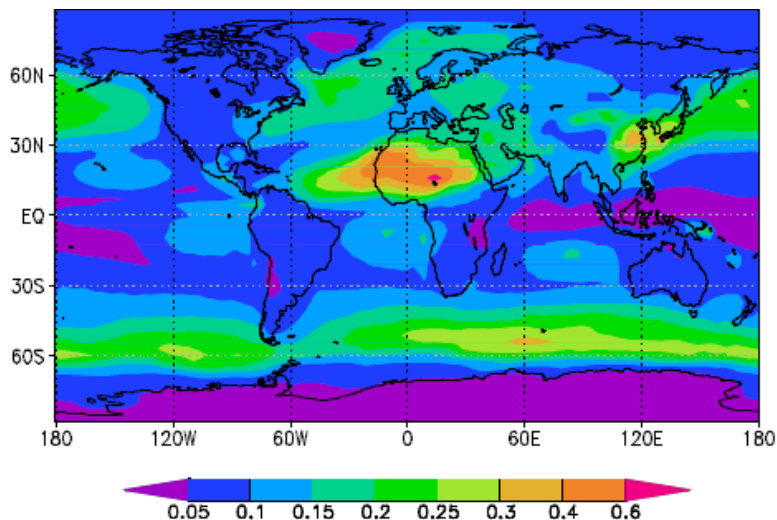
— PD simulation
 — PI simulation



Vertical distribution of aerosol extinction vs. CALIOP lidar

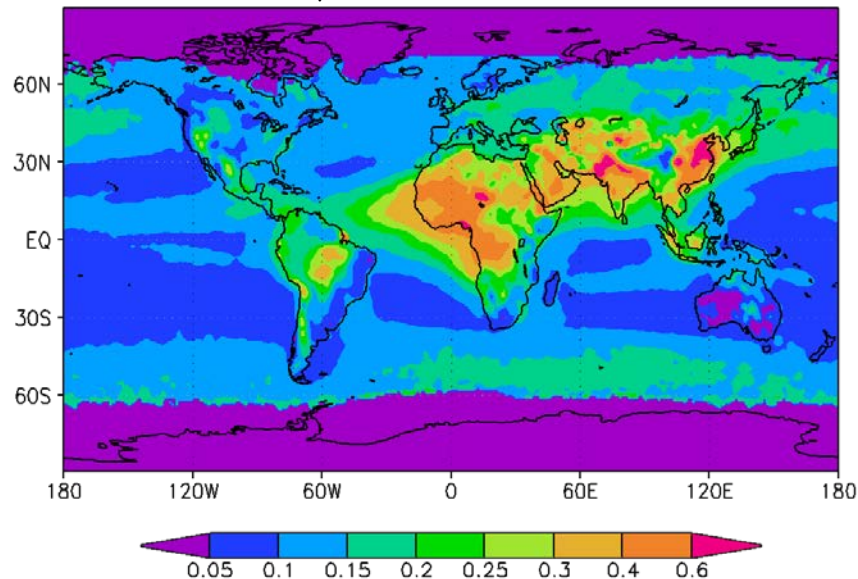
Clear-sky aerosol optical depth

CAM-Oslo (Seland et al., 2008)

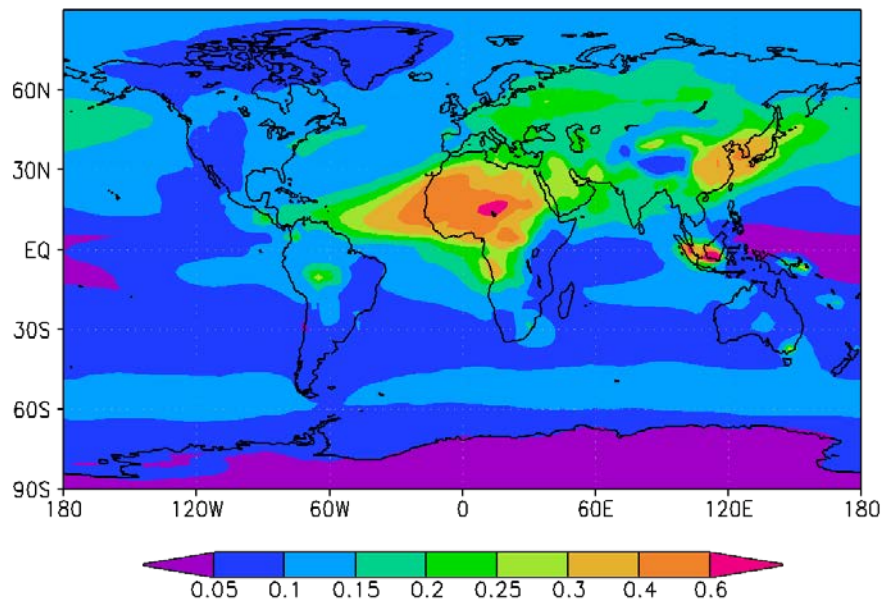


Remote sensed data

AOD composite, MODIS-MISR-AERONET



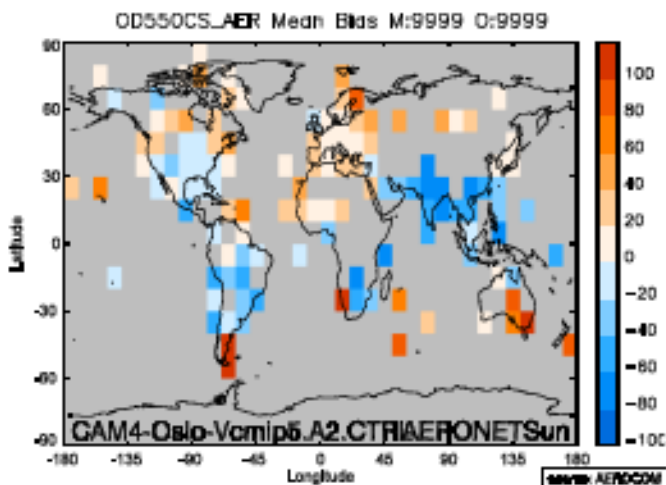
CAM4-Oslo



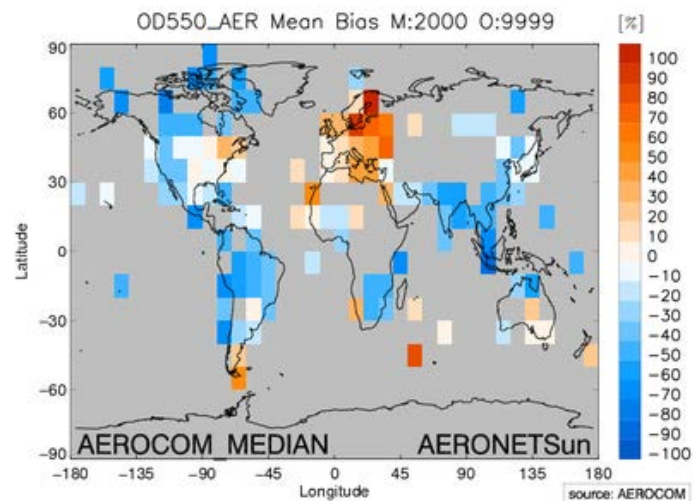


Clear-sky AOD bias (in %) compared to AERONET

CAM4-Oslo



AerCom Phase I median model



<http://aerocom.met.no/>



Bias (in %) compared to AERONET

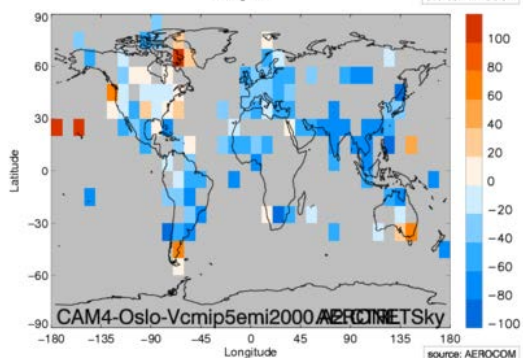
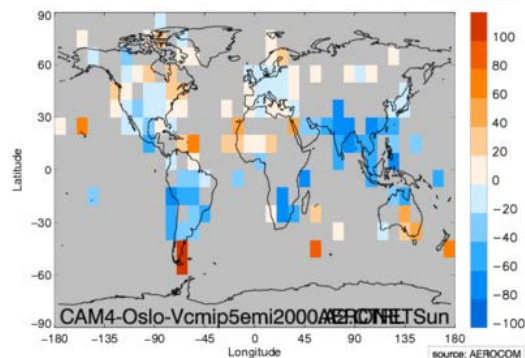
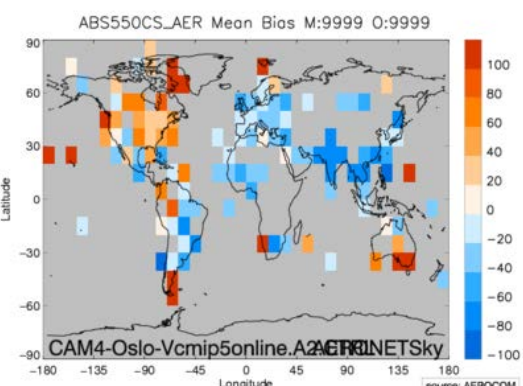
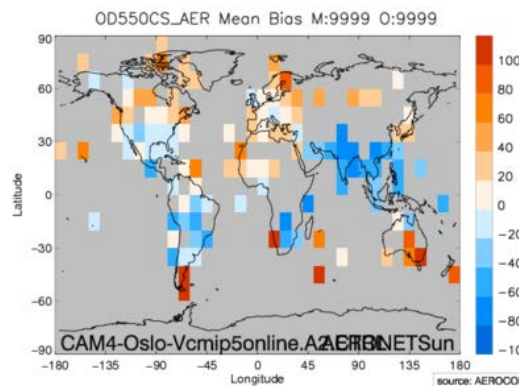
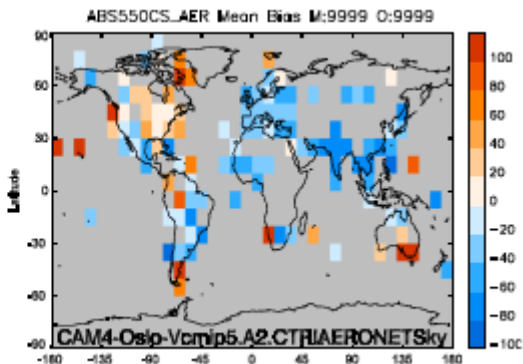
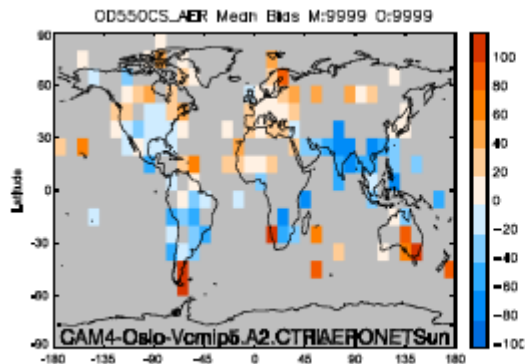
clear-sky AOD

clear-sky ABS (absorption AOD)

offline, AeroCom 2006 emissions

online, AeroCom 2006 emissions

offline, IPCC 2000 emissions (CMIP5)



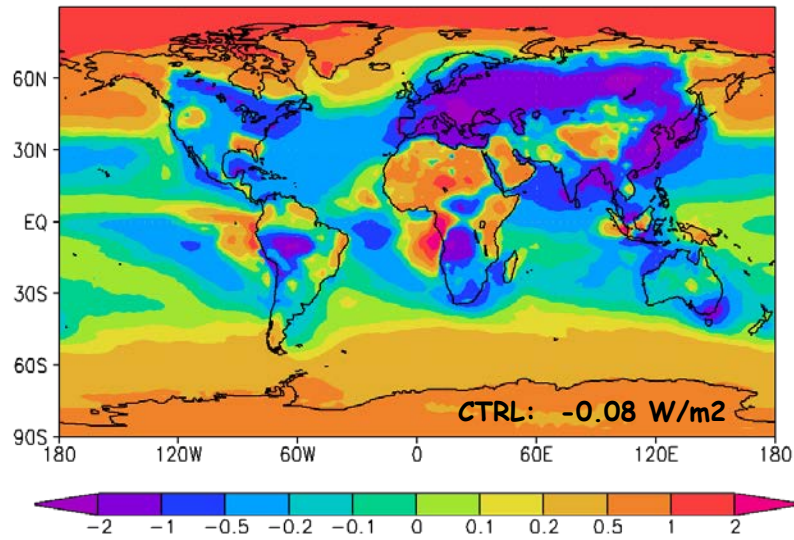
<http://aerocom.met.no/>



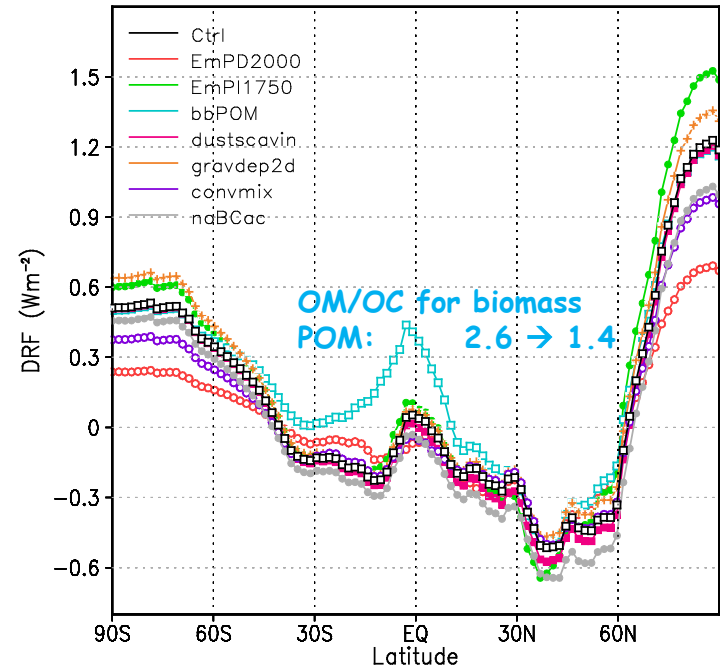
Sensitivity tests of mainly old versions of parameterizations in CAM4-Oslo coupled to *data* ocean & sea-ice models:

Identification	Short description
<i>Ctrl</i>	Standard Reference. All processes updated. Emissions years: PD = 2006; PRE = 1850.
<i>natOM</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but with natural OM as in Se08.
<i>natOMocn</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but no biogenic OM from oceans and MSA, as in Se08.
<i>bbPOM</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but OM/OC = 1.4, as in Se08.
<i>Struthers11</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but tuning of sea-salt emissions as in Struthers et al. (2011).
<i>dustscavin</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but in-cloud scavenging efficiency for dust = 1, as in Se08.
<i>cldtunorig</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but tuning of cloud microphysics as in NCAR CAM4 (Neale et al., 2010).
<i>gravdep2d</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but gravitational settling only in the lowest model layer, as in Se08.
<i>convmix</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but convective mixing of aerosols and precursors as in Se08.
<i>noBCac</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but no primary emissions of BC(ac), i.e. all BC is emitted as BC(n).
<i>replH2O2</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but replenishment time of H ₂ O ₂ = 1 h, as in Se08.
<i>no coating</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but without coating of dust and BC in CCN-activation.
<i>prescrβ</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but effective cloud droplet radii parameterized as in Se08, Hoose et al. (2009), and Neale et al. (2010).
<i>EmPD2000</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> (all processes updated). Emissions years: PD = 2000; PI = 1850.
<i>EmPI1750</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> (all processes updated). Emissions years: PD = 2006; PI = 1750.
<i>Online</i>	As <i>Ctrl</i> , but with online interactions between aerosol forcing and atmospheric dynamics.

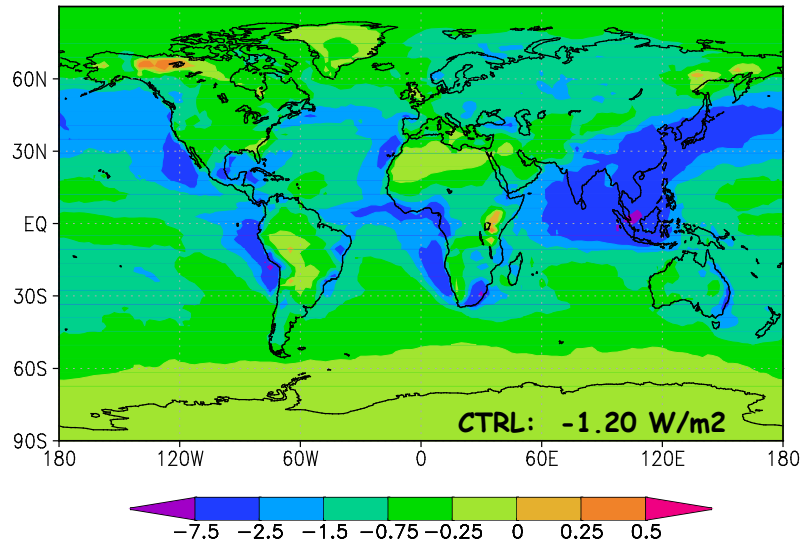
DRF at TOA



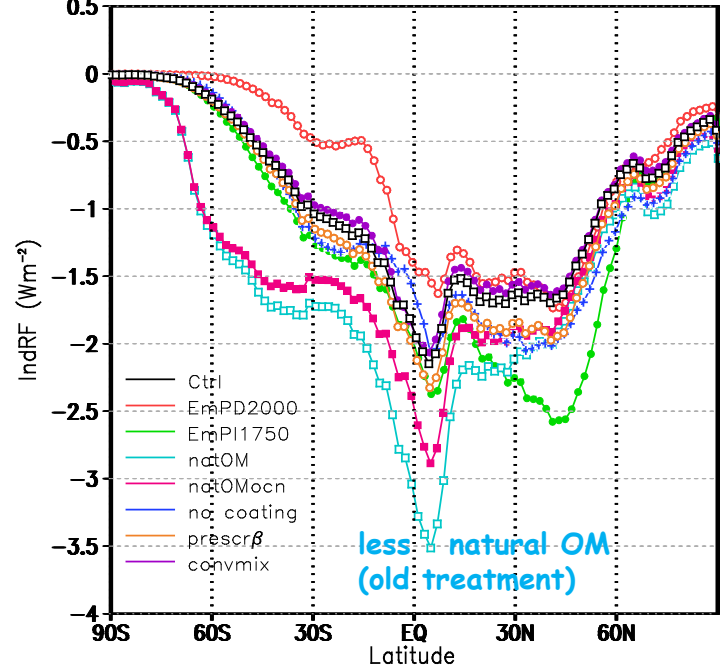
Short-wave Direct Radiative Forcing



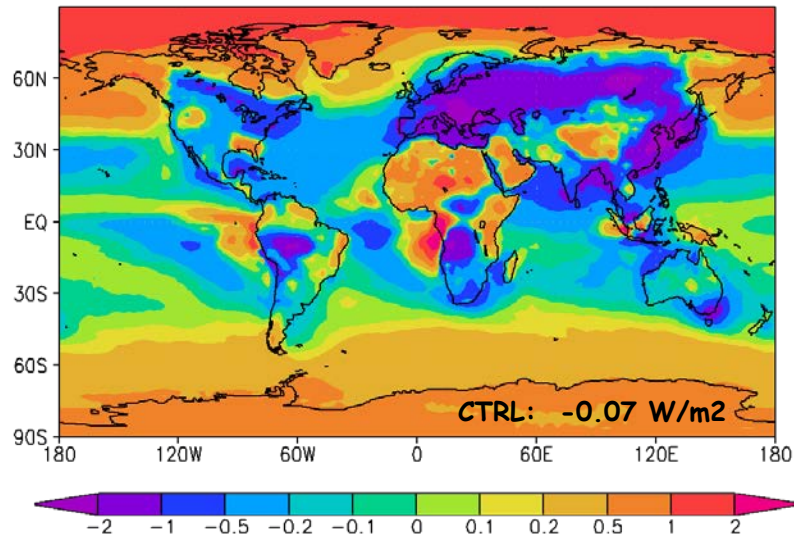
InDRF at TOA



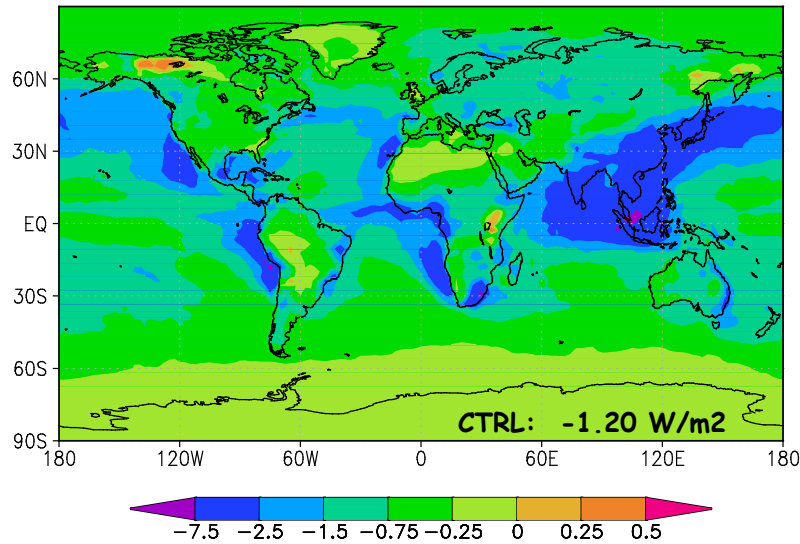
Short-wave Indirect Radiative Forcing



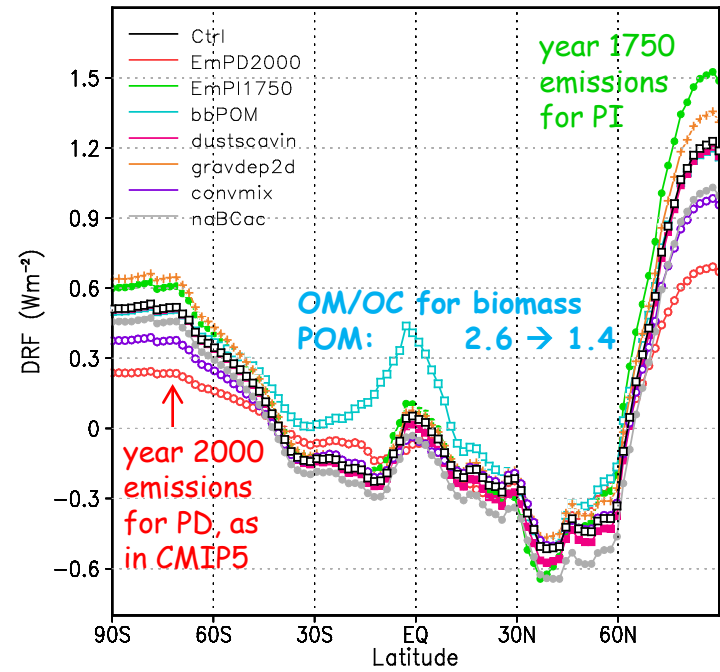
DRF at TOA



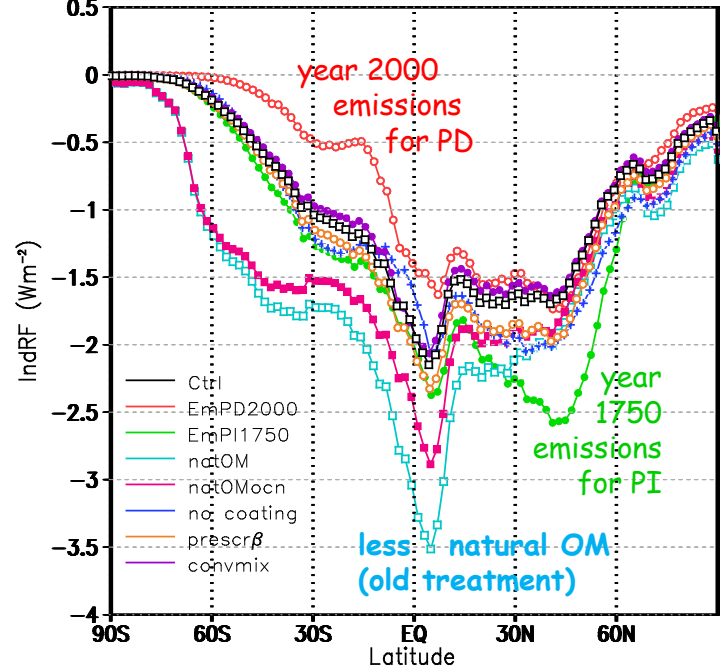
InDRF at TOA



Short-wave Direct Radiative Forcing



Short-wave Indirect Radiative Forcing



AeroCom

↔

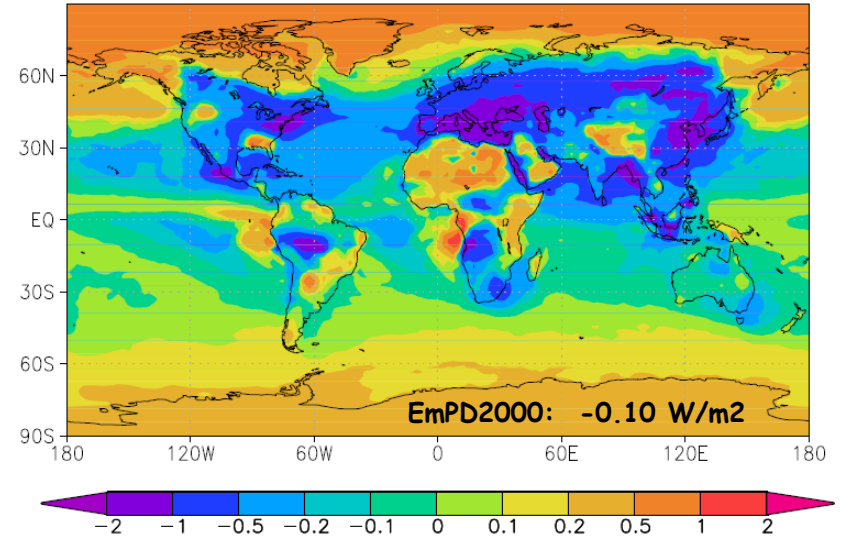
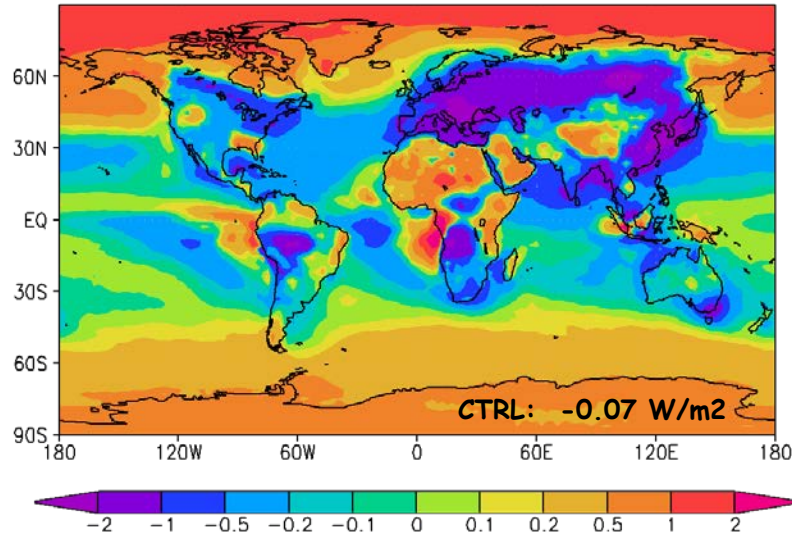
CMIP5 (& AeroCom)

Emission years:

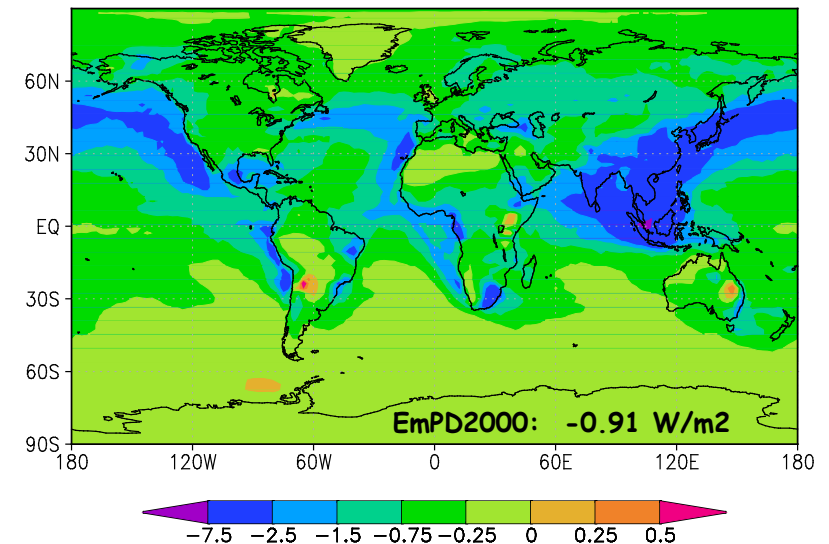
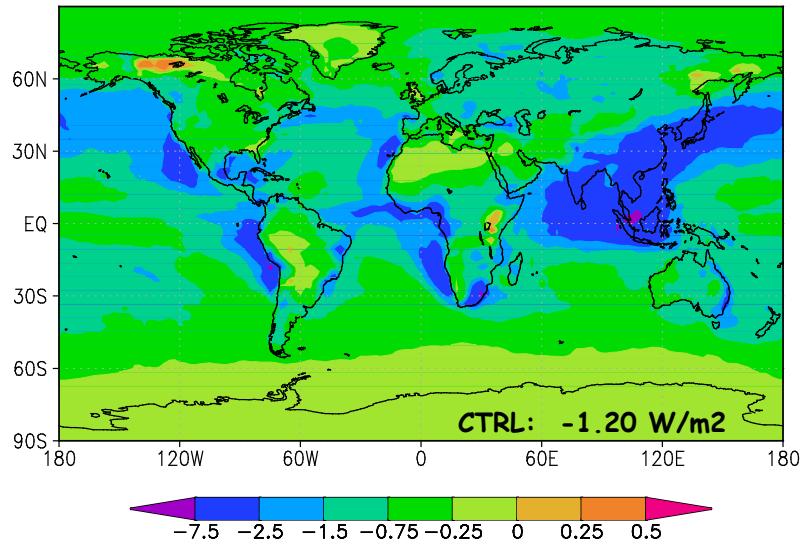
2006 - 1850

DRF at TOA

2000 - 1850



InDRF at TOA



Summary (1)



Near surface aerosol mass concentrations:

BC	under-estimated	(ca. as in Seland et al., 2008)
SO ₄	over-estimated	(ca. as in Seland et al., 2008)
Dust	slightly over-estimated	(much improved from Seland et al., 2008)
Sea-salt	over-estimated	(improved from Struthers et al., 2011)
POM	over-estimated in N-America still underestimated in Europe	(worse than in Seland et al., 2008) (improved from Seland et al., 2008)

Vertical aerosol profiles (extinction):

probably overestimated aloft, underestimated in marine BL and in cont. BL in summer

Column integrated optics:

AOD	still mostly under-estimated (improved from Seland et al., 2008) especially in south and south-east Asia, but overestimated at high latitudes
ABS	mainly under-estimated (although among the highest/best in AeroCom)

Summary (2)



Sensitivity results for global direct and indirect SW radiative forcing at TOA:

DRF is most sensitive to assumed OM/OC ratio for biomass burning POM (changes sign)

Basic emission years also important:

-0.10 Wm^{-2} for year 2000 - 1850 (CMIP5)

-0.07 Wm^{-2} for year 2006 - 1850 and 2000 - 1750

-0.04 Wm^{-2} for year 2006 - 1750

IndRF is most affected (-60%) by new/enhanced natural OM levels, and assumed basic emission years:

-0.91 Wm^{-2} for year 2000 - 1850 (CMIP5)

-1.2 Wm^{-2} for year 2006 - 1850 and 2000 - 1750

-1.5 Wm^{-2} for year 2006 - 1750